

Description

The VPSL-0785-005-X-5-A/B/E is a 0.9 μ m band, InGaAs MOCVD grown laser diode with a multi-quantum well (MQW) structure. It is suitable as a light source for imaging, projection, range-finding, and various other types of optical equipment. Combined with an integrated, internal, beam correcting optic and encased in a hermetic sealed package, this is a high-performance, highly reliable, and long life laser diode available in 3 different pinouts (A, B or E).

Features

- Circular, diverging beam, NA approximately 0.19
- Diffraction limited wavefront
- 10mW CW optical power
- Standard 5.6 mm form factor

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_c=case temperature=25°C) *

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Optical output power (CW)	Po	-	12	mW
LD reverse voltage	$V_R(LD)$	-	2	V
PD Reverse Voltage	$V_{R}(PD)$		30	V
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-10	+70	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40	+85	°C

Optical and Electrical Characteristics (T_C=case temperature=25°C) *

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Optical output power	Po	-	10	12	mW	Kink free
Threshold current	I _{th}		15	25	mA	
Operating current	I _{op}	-	40	60	mA	P ₀ =10mW
Operating voltage	V_{op}	1.6	2.0	2.5	V	P ₀ =10mW
Slope Efficiency	SE	0.3	0.5	0.7	mW/mA	
Lasing wavelength	λ_{p}	890	905	915	nm	P ₀ =10mW
Monitor Current	Im	0.1	0.4	0.6	mA	P ₀ =10mW
Circularity	φ		-	0.8:1.25	ratio	P ₀ =10mW
Beam divergence	θ	9	13	15	deg	P ₀ =10mW, FWHM

Specifications are subject to change without notice. Each purchased VPSL is provided with test data. Please refer to this data before using the VPSL.

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Package Detail, Mechanical & Electrical – VPSL-0785-005-x-5-A/B/E

A PINOUT PACKAGE



B PINOUT PACKAGE



E PINOUT PACKAGE



Bottom view (side with pins)

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Handling Care and Precautions for Use of VPSL Diodes

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Do not exceed, *even momentarily*, the maximum ratings (see page 1, table). When a VPSL diode is driven in excess of it's maximum ratings, it can cause at minimum a considerable reduction in reliability, and potentially instantaneous failure. a. VPSL diodes may be damaged by surge currents generated at power on-off operation. Check on the transient characteristics of the power supply to make sure that such surges do not exceed the maximum ratings.

b. The maximum ratings are specified for a case temperature of 25°C. Designs should be made to work well within this temperature range. As the case temperature goes up, power dissipation as well as maximum light output power is reduced.

2. Soldering Conditions

Maximum solder-tip temperature is 260°C and soldering time must be within 3.0 seconds. A minimum solder clearance of 1.6mm should be maintained from the root of the lead.

3. Prevention of Breakdown due to Static Electricity

VPSL diodes may be adversely affected by static electricity and surge currents and, consequently, cause breakdown of the diode and reduction of reliability unless the following precautions are taken:

a. Power supplies, installation and measuring equipment should be grounded. A noise filter or noise-cut transformer should be provided on any power supply inputs.

b. Anyone working with a VPSL diode should be grounded through high resistance (500 K Ohm - 1M Ohm) by means of a ground strap and wrist band (for example).

c. Soldering irons should be grounded to protect laser diodes from voltage leaks.

d. During operation of the VPSL diode, working clothes, hats, and shoes should be static-protected. Cotton-based clothing is preferred.

e. Any container for carriage and storage should be static-protected.

f. Avoid using laser diodes in an environment where high frequency surge currents may be generated by an inductive electric field (such as a fluorescent lamp). These fields can also cause breakdown or deterioration of the laser diode.

4. Package Handling

a. The laser diode package should not be cut off, reworked, or deformed. Do not hold the cap of the VPSL diode tightly, otherwise it may induce cracks or damage to the window glass.

b. Do not touch the surface of the window glass. Any scratch or contamination may result in reduction of optical characteristics.

c. Remove small contaminates on the surface softly using a cotton tip stick with a small amount of methyl alcohol.

5. Safety

The output light from laser diodes is harmful to a human body even if it is invisible. Avoid looking at the output light of a VPSL diode directly, or even indirectly through a lens during operation. Observance of operation should be through an infrared TV camera or related equipment. Refer to IEC 825-1 and 21 CFR 1040.10-1040.11 as a radiation safety standard for laser products.

LASER DIODE ≣₽→ AVOID EXPOSURE visible Laser Radiation is emitted from this aperture



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